Name:

| TARGETS | | |
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| Number, place value, approximation and estimation/rounding | | |
| 1. I can count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for | | |
| any given number up to 1,000,000. | | |
| 2. I can read, write, order and compare numbers to at least | | |
| 1,000,000. | | |
| 3. I can determine the value of each digit in numbers up to | | |
| 1,000,000. | | |
| 4. I can read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years | | |
| written in Roman numerals. | | |
| 5. I can round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, | | |
| 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000. | | |
| 6. I can interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and | | |
| backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including | | |
| through zero. | | |
| 7. I can solve number problems and practical problems with the above. | | |
| Calculations | | |
| 8. I can add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large | | |
| numbers. | | |
| 9. I can add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, | | |
| including using formal written methods. | | |
| 10. I can use rounding to check answers to calculations and | | |
| determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. | | |
| 11. I can solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, | | |
| deciding which operations and methods to use and why. | | |
| 12. I can identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor | | |
| pairs or a number and common factor pairs of two numbers. | | |
| 13. I use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite | | |
| (non-prime) numbers. | | |
| 14. I can recall prime numbers up to 19 and establish whether a | | |
| number up to 100 is prime. | | |
| 15. I recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the | | |
| notation for squared and cubed. | | |
| 16. I can multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing on known | | |
| facts. | \vdash | |
| 17. I can multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving | | |
| decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. | \vdash | |
| 18. I can multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit or 2-digit | | |
| number using a formal written method, including long multiplication | | |
| for 2-digit numbers. | \vdash | |
| 19. I can divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number using | | |
| the formal written method of short division and interpret | | |
| remainders appropriately for the context. | \vdash | |
| 20. I can solve problems involving multiplication and division including using knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. | | |
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| 21. I can solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication | | |

| and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign. | | |
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| 22. I can solve problems involving multiplication and division including | | |
| scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. | | |

| Fractions, decimals and percentages | |
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| 23. I can recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and | |
| convert from one form to the other. | |
| 24. I can write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number. | |
| 25. I can identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given | |
| fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths. | |
| 26. I can compare and order fractions whose denominators are | |
| multiples of the same number. | |
| 27. I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and | |
| denominators that are multiples of the same number. | |
| 28. I can multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole | |
| numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. | |
| 29. I can read and write decimal numbers as fractions. | |
| 30. I recognise and can use thousandths and relate them to | |
| tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents. | |
| 31. I can round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest | |
| whole number and 1 decimal place. | |
| 32. I can read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 | |
| decimal places. | |
| 33. I can solve problems involving numbers up to 3 decimal places. | |
| 34. I recognise the percent symbol and understand that percent | |
| relates to 'number parts per hundred'. | |
| 35. I can write percentages as a fraction with denominator hundred, | |
| and as a decimal. | |
| 36. I can solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal | |
| equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with a | |
| denominator or a multiple of 10 or 25. | |
| Measurement | |
| 37. I can solve problems involving converting between units of time. | |
| 38. I can convert between different units of metric measure. | |
| 39. I understand and use approximate equivalences between metric | |
| units and common imperial units, such as inches, pounds and pints. | |
| 40. I can measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear | |
| shapes in cm and m. | |
| 41. I can calculate and compare the area of rectangles (incl squares), | |
| and including using standard units (cm ² and cm ³) to estimate the area | |
| of irregular shapes. | |
| 42. I can estimate volume and capacity. | |
| 43. I can use all four operations to solve problems involving money using | |
| decimal notation, including scaling. | |

| Geometry - properties of shapes | | |
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| 44. I can use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and | | |
| find missing lengths and angles. | | |
| 45. I can distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on | | |
| reasoning about equal sides and angles. | | |
| 46. I can identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from | | |
| 2D representations. | | |
| 47. I know angles are measured in degrees. | | |
| 48. I can estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. | | |
| 49. I can identify angles at a point and one whole turn. | | |
| 50. I can identify angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn. | | |
| 51. I can identify other multiples of 90°. | | |
| 52. I can draw given angles and measure them in degrees. | | |
| Geometry - position and direction | | |
| 53. I can identify, describe and represent the position of a shape | | |
| following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, | | |
| and know that the shape has not changed. | | |
| Statistics | | |
| 54. I can complete, read and interpret information in tables, including | | |
| timetables. | | |
| 55. I can solve comparison, sum and difference problems using | | |
| information presented in a line graph. | | |

| EXCEEDING TARGETS | |
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| 1. I have a concept of numbers well beyond 1,000,000 and their relative association to distances to planets; historical data and geographical aspects. | |
| 2. I can divide whole numbers (up to 4 digits) by 2-digit numbers, using my preferred method. | |
| 3. I can use rounding as a strategy for quickly assessing what approximate answers ought to be before calculating. | |
| 4. I can link working across zero for positive and negative numbers, for example, to work out time intervals between BC and AD in history | |
| 5. I can recognise the symbol for square root (J) and work out square roots for numbers up to 100. | |
| 6. I can calculate number problems algebraically, for example, 2x - 3 = 5 | |
| 7. I can use my knowledge of measurement to create plans of areas around school, such as the classroom , field, outside play area, etc. | |
| 8. I can relate the imperial measures still used regularly in our society to their metric equivalents, for example, miles to Km and lbs to Kg. | |
| 9. I can use a range of timetables to work out journey times on a fictional journey around the world, for example, "How long would it take to reach the rainforests in the Amazon?" | |
| 10. I can collect my own data on a personal project and present information in formats of my choosing using charts, graphs and tables. | |