
and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.
22. I can solve problems involving multiplication and division including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.


| Geometry - properties of shapes |  |  |  |
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| 44. I can use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and <br> find missing lengths and angles. |  |  |  |
| 45. I can distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on <br> reasoning about equal sides and angles. |  |  |  |
| 46. I can identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from <br> 2D representations. |  |  |  |
| 47. I know angles are measured in degrees. |  |  |  |
| 48. I can estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. |  |  |  |
| 49. I can identify angles at a point and one whole turn. |  |  |  |
| 50. I can identify angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn. |  |  |  |
| 51. I can identify other multiples of 90. |  |  |  |


| EXCEEDING TARGETS |  |  |  |
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| 1. I have a concept of numbers well beyond 1,000,000 and their relative <br> association to distances to planets; historical data and geographical aspects. |  |  |  |
| 2. I can divide whole numbers (up to 4 digits) by 2-digit numbers, using my <br> preferred method. |  |  |  |
| 3. I can use rounding as a strategy for quickly assessing what approximate <br> answers ought to be before calculating. |  |  |  |
| 4. I can link working across zero for positive and negative numbers, for <br> example, to work out time intervals between BC and AD in history |  |  |  |
| 5. I can recognise the symbol for square root ( $($ ) and work out square roots for <br> numbers up to 100. |  |  |  |
| 6. I can calculate number problems algebraically, for example, 2x - 3 = 5 |  |  |  |
| 7. I can use my knowledge of measurement to create plans of areas around <br> school, such as the classroom, field, outside play area, etc. |  |  |  |
| 8. I can relate the imperial measures still used regularly in our society to their <br> metric equivalents, for example, miles to Km and lbs to Kg. |  |  |  |
| 9. I can use a range of timetables to work out journey times on a fictional <br> journey around the world, for example, "How long would it take to reach the <br> rainforests in the Amazon? |  |  |  |
| 10. I can collect my own data on a personal project and present information in <br> formats of my choosing using charts, graphs and tables. |  |  |  |

